

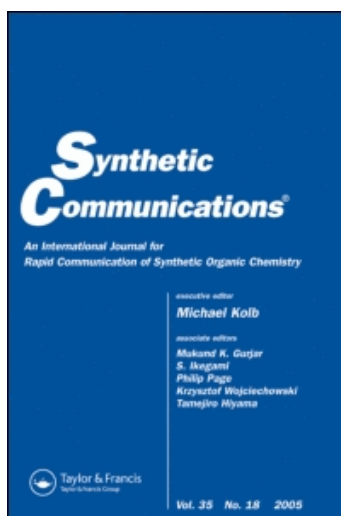
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On: 26 June 2009

Access details: Access Details: [subscription number 912751707]

Publisher Taylor & Francis

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## Synthetic Communications

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:

<http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title-content=t713597304>

### Synthesis of Chiral Aromatic Alcohols: Use of New C<sub>2</sub>-Symmetric Rh<sup>III</sup>Cp\*, Ru<sup>II</sup>(cymene), or Ru<sup>II</sup>(benzene) Complexes Containing Chiral Diaminocyclohexane Ligand as Asymmetric Transfer Hydrogenation Catalyst

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Online Publication Date: 01 January 2009

**To cite this Article** Montalvo-González, Rubén, Chávez, Daniel, Aguirre, Gerardo, Parra-Hake, Miguel and Somanathan, Ratnasamy(2009)'Synthesis of Chiral Aromatic Alcohols: Use of New C<sub>2</sub>-Symmetric Rh<sup>III</sup>Cp\*, Ru<sup>II</sup>(cymene), or Ru<sup>II</sup>(benzene) Complexes Containing Chiral Diaminocyclohexane Ligand as Asymmetric Transfer Hydrogenation Catalyst', Synthetic Communications, 39:15,2737 — 2746

**To link to this Article:** DOI: 10.1080/00397910802663451

**URL:** <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00397910802663451>

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## Synthesis of Chiral Aromatic Alcohols: Use of New C<sub>2</sub>-Symmetric Rh<sup>III</sup>Cp\*, Ru<sup>II</sup>(cymene), or Ru<sup>II</sup>(benzene) Complexes Containing Chiral Diaminocyclohexane Ligand as Asymmetric Transfer Hydrogenation Catalyst

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**Abstract:** Twelve chiral secondary alcohols were synthesized by asymmetric transfer hydrogenation (ATH) using C<sub>2</sub>-symmetric bis(sulfonamide) ligand (**2**) derived from (1*R*,2*R*)-cyclohexane-1,2-diamine and complexed with [RhCl<sub>2</sub>Cp\*]<sub>2</sub>, [RuCl<sub>2</sub>(cymene)]<sub>2</sub>, or [RuCl<sub>2</sub>(benzene)]<sub>2</sub> and then used in situ in the reduction of prochiral ketones. The alcohols were obtained in 85–99% yield and 90–99% enantioselectivity with isopropanol as the hydrogen source. Two-fold rate enhancement and better yields were achieved (88–99%) with 80–99% enantioselectivity using the complex [RhCl<sub>2</sub>Cp\*]<sub>2</sub> and aqueous sodium formate as the hydrogen source.

**Keywords:** Bis(sulfonamide) ligands, chiral secondary alcohols, Ru<sup>II</sup>(arene), Rh<sup>III</sup>Cp\*

Received October 25, 2008.

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